H5. Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone

[ENV-2016-AKL-000243: K Vernon]-Note: The definition of "height", in relation to the exclusions, is subject to appeal. [CIV-2016-404-002333: Franco Belgiorno-Nettis]-Note: The properties affected by this appeal are identified on the Auckland Unitary Plan viewer.

[CIV-2016-404-002326: Character Coalition Incorporated and Auckland 2040 Incorporated]-Note: The properties affected by this appeal are identified on the Auckland Unitary Plan viewer.

[ENV-2016-AKL-000197: Robert Adams] - Addition sought

[ENV-2016-AKL-000235: Mahi Properties Limited] – Addition sought

[ENV-2016-AKL-000243: K Vernon] - Addition sought

H5.1. Zone description

The Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone is a reasonably high-intensity zone enabling a greater intensity of development than previously provided for.

Over time, the appearance of neighbourhoods within this zone will change, with development typically up to three storeys in a variety of sizes and forms, including detached dwellings, terrace housing and low-rise apartments. This supports increasing the capacity and choice of housing within neighbourhoods as well as promoting walkable neighbourhoods, fostering a sense of community and increasing the vitality of centres.

[ENV-2016-AKL-
000197] 1Up to two dwellings are permitted as of right subject to compliance with the standards.000197] 1This is to ensure a quality outcome for adjoining site and the neighbourhood, as well as
residents within the development site.000236] 2Resource consent is required for three or more dwellings and for other specified
buildings in order to:

- achieve the planned urban built character of the zone;
- [ENV-2016-AKL-000230]³ achieve attractive and safe streets and public open spaces;
 - manage the effects of development on adjoining neighbouring sites, including visual amenity, privacy and access to daylight and sunlight; and
 - achieve high quality on-site living environments.

The resource consent requirements enable the design and layout of the development to be assessed; recognising that the need to achieve quality design is important as the scale of development increases.

H5.2. Objectives

- (1) Land near the Business Metropolitan Centre Zone and the Business Town Centre Zone, high-density residential areas and close to the public transport network is efficiently used for higher density residential living and to provide urban living that increases housing capacity and choice and access to public transport.
- (2) Development is in keeping with the neighbourhood's planned urban built character of predominantly three-storey buildings, in a variety of forms and surrounded by open space.

¹[ENV-2016-AKL-000197: Robert Adams]

² [ENV-2016-AKL-000236: Housing New Zealand Corporation]

³[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

- (3) Development provides quality on-site residential amenity for residents and adjoining sites and the street.
- (4) Non-residential activities provide for the community's social, economic and cultural well-being, while being compatible with the scale and intensity of development anticipated by the zone so as to contribute to the amenity of the neighbourhood.

H5.3. Policies

- (1) Enable a variety of housing types at higher densities, including low-rise apartments and integrated residential development such as retirement villages.
- (2) Require the height, bulk, form and appearance of development and the provision of sufficient setbacks and landscaped areas to achieve an urban built character of predominantly three storeys, in a variety of forms.
- (3) Encourage development to achieve attractive and safe streets and public open spaces including by:
 - (a) providing for passive surveillance
 - (b) optimising front yard landscaping
 - (c) minimising visual dominance of garage doors.
- (4) Require the height, bulk and location of development to maintain a reasonable standard of sunlight access and privacy and to minimise visual dominance effects to adjoining sites.
- (5) Require accommodation to be designed to:
 - (a) provide privacy and outlook; and
 - (b) be functional, have access to daylight and sunlight, and provide the amenities necessary to meet the day-to-day needs of residents.
 - (6) Encourage accommodation to have useable and accessible outdoor living space.
 - (7) Restrict the maximum impervious area on a site in order to manage the amount of stormwater runoff generated by a development and ensure that adverse effects on water quality, quantity and amenity values are avoided or mitigated.
 - (8) Provide for non-residential activities that:
 - (a) support the social and economic well-being of the community;
 - (b) are in keeping with the with the scale and intensity of development anticipated within the zone;
 - (c) avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on residential amenity; and

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

- (d) will not detract from the vitality of the Business City Centre Zone, Business Metro Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone.
- (9) Enable more efficient use of larger sites by providing for integrated residential development.

H5.4. Activity table

Table H5.4.1 Activity table specifies the activity status of land use and development activities in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone pursuant to section 9(3) of the Resource Management Act 1991.

Table H5.4.1 Activity table

	Activity		Activity status	Standards to be complied with
	Use			
	(A1)	Activities not provided for	NC	
	Reside			I
	(A2)	Camping grounds	D	
[ENV-2016- AKL- 000197] ¹ [ENV-2016- AKL- 000236] ² [ENV-2016- AKL-	(A3)	Up to two dwellings per site	P	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
000230] ³	(A4)	Three or more dwellings per site	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards
•	(A5)	The conversion of a principal dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 into a maximum of two dwellings	Ρ	Standard H5.6.3 The conversion of a principal dwelling into a maximum of two dwellings
	(A6)	Home occupations	Р	Standard H5.6.2 Home occupations
	(A7)	Home occupations that do not meet Standard H5.6.2	D	
	(A8)	Integrated residential development	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards

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¹[ENV-2016-AKL-000197: Robert Adams]

² [ENV-2016-AKL-000236: Housing New Zealand Corporation]

³ [ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

(A9)	Supported residential care accommodating up to 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A10)	Supported residential care accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards
(A11)	Boarding houses accommodating up to 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A12)	Boarding houses accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards
(A13)	Visitor accommodation accommodating up to 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; and Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A14)	Visitor accommodation accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors erce	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards

(A15)	Dairies up to 100m2 gross floor area per site	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; and Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A16)	Restaurants and cafes up to 100m ² gross floor area per site	D	
(A17)	Service stations on arterial roads	D	
Comm	unity		
(A18)	Care centres accommodating up to 10 people per site excluding staff	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; and Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A19)	Care centres accommodating greater than 10 people per site excluding staff	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; and Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A20)	Community facilities	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; and Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A21)	Education facilities	D	
(A22)	Tertiary education facilities	D	
(A23)	Emergency services adjoining an arterial road	D	
(A24)	Healthcare facilities up to 200m ² gross floor area per site	RD	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8

	Ι		
			Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; and Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls
(A25)	Healthcare facilities greater than 200m ² gross floor area per site	D	
(A26)	Veterinary clinics	D	
Rural			
(A27)	Grazing of livestock on sites greater than 2,000m ² net site area	Ρ	
Mana \	Whenua		
(A28)	Marae complex	D	
Develo	pment		
(A29)	Demolition of buildings	Ρ	
(A30)	Internal and external alterations to buildings	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls, Standard H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size
(A31)	Accessory buildings	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage
(A32)	Additions to an existing dwelling	Ρ	Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls, Standard H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size

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(A33)	Development which does not comply with H5.6.5. Height in relation to boundary	RD	H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary
(A34)	New buildings and additions to buildings	The same activity status and standards as applies to the land use activity that the new building or addition to a building is designed to accommodate	

H5.5. Notification

(1) Any application for resource consent for the following activities will be considered without public or limited notification or the need to obtain the written approval from affected parties unless the Council decides that special circumstances exist under section 95A(4) of the Resource Management Act 1991:

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated] [ENV-2016-AKL-000243: K Vernon1

- (a) three or more dwellings per site that comply with all of the standards listed in Table H5.4.1 Activity table;
- (b) an integrated residential development that complies with all of the standards listed in Table H5.4.1 Activity table;
- (c) development which does not comply with H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary, but complies with H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary;
- (d) development which does not comply with H5.6.15 (1a) Front, side and rear fences and walls; and
- (e) development which does not comply with H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size.
- (2) Any application for resource consent for an activity listed in Table H5.4.1 Activity table and which is not listed in H5.5(1) above will be subject to the normal tests for notification under the relevant sections of the Resource Management Act 1991.
- (3) When deciding who is an affected person in relation to any activity for the purposes of section 95E of the Resource Management Act 1991 the Council will give specific consideration to those persons listed in Rule C1.13(4).

H5.6. Standards

H5.6.1. Activities listed in Table H5.4.1 Activity table

(1) Activities and buildings containing activities listed in Table H5.4.1 Activity table must comply with the standards listed in the column in Table H5.4.1 called Standards to be complied with.

¹[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated] ² [ENV-2016-AKL-000235: Mahi Properties Limited]

H5.6.2. Home occupations

Purpose: to enable people to work from home at a scale that the residential character and amenity is maintained.

- (1) A home occupation must comply with all the following standards:
 - (a) at least one person engaged in the home occupation must use the dwelling on the site as their principal place of residence;
 - (b) no more than two people who do not use the dwelling as their principal place of residence may work in the home occupation;
 - (c) no more than four people in total may work in the home occupation;
 - (d) the sale of goods or services from the home occupation that requires customers to come to the site and the delivery of goods to and from the site may not occur before 7am or after 7pm;
 - (e) car trips to and from the home occupation activity must not exceed 20 per day;
 - (f) heavy vehicle trips must not exceed two per week;
 - (g) no more than one commercial vehicle associated with the home occupation may be on site at any one time;
 - (h) storage for rubbish and recycling associated with the home occupation must be provided on site and screened from public view;
 - (i) materials or goods manufactured, serviced or repaired in the home occupation must be stored and worked on within a building on the same site; and
 - (j) goods sold from the home occupation must be:
 - (i) goods produced on site; or
 - (ii) goods that are primarily ordered by mail or electronic transaction and redistributed by post or courier; or
 - (iii) goods ancillary and related to a service provided by the home occupation.

H5.6.3. The conversion of a principal dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 into a maximum of two dwellings

Purpose: to enable a dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 to be converted into a maximum of two dwellings and to provide for sufficient outdoor living space for each of the dwellings.

(1) Where a principal dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 is proposed to be converted into a maximum of two dwellings each dwelling must have an outdoor living space that is:

- (a) at least 5m² for a studio or one-bedroom dwelling and 8m² for a two or more bedroom dwelling; and
- (b) at least 1.8m in depth; and
- (c) directly accessible from the dwelling.

H5.6.4. Building height

Purpose: to manage the height of buildings to:

- achieve the planned urban built character of predominantly three storeys;
- minimise visual dominance effects;
- maintain a reasonable standard of residential amenity for adjoining sites; and
- provide some flexibility to enable variety in roof forms.
- (1) Buildings must not exceed 11m in height, except that 50 per cent of a building's roof in elevation, measured vertically from the junction between wall and roof, may exceed this height by 1m, where the entire roof slopes 15 degrees or more, as shown in Figure H5.6.4.1 Building height in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone below.

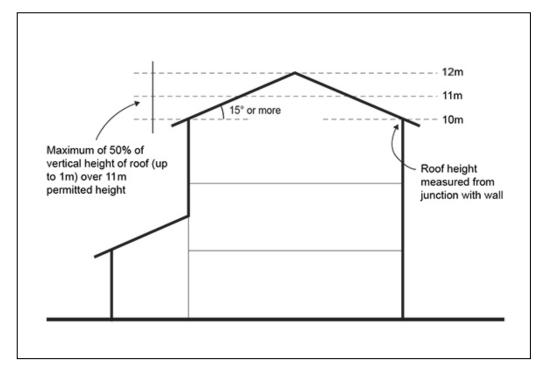


Figure H5.6.4.1 Building height in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone

H5.6.5. Height in relation to boundary

Purpose: to manage the height and bulk of buildings at boundaries to maintain a reasonable level of sunlight access and minimise adverse visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours.

(1) Buildings must not project beyond a 45 degree recession plane measured from a point 3m vertically above ground level along side and rear boundaries, as shown in Figure H5.6.5.1 Height in relation to boundary below.

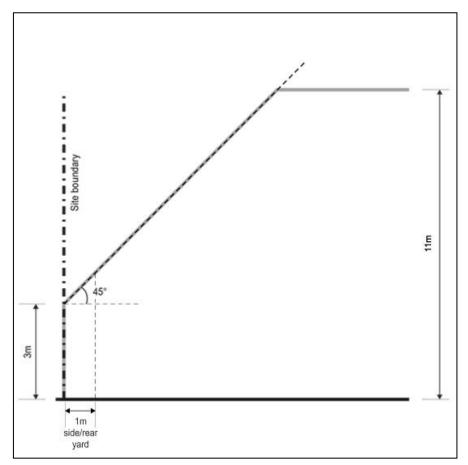


Figure H5.6.5.1 Height in relation to boundary

- (2) Standard H5.6.5(1) above does not apply to a boundary adjoining any of the following:
 - (a) a Business City Centre Zone; Business Metropolitan Centre Zone; Business – Town Centre Zone; Business – Local Centre Zone; Business – Neighbourhood Centre Zone; Business – Mixed Use Zone; Business – General Business Zone; Business – Business Park Zone; Business – Light Industry Zone and Business – Heavy Industry Zone; or
 - (b) sites within the Open Space Conservation Zone; Open Space Informal Recreation Zone; Open Space – Sports and Active Recreation Zone; Open Space – Civic Spaces Zone; or the Open Space – Community Zone exceeding 2000m².
- (3) Standard H5.6.5(1) above does not apply to site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between two buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed.
- (4) Where the boundary forms part of a legal right of way, entrance strip or access site, the standard applies from the farthest boundary of that legal right of way, entrance strip or access site.
- (5) A gable end, dormer or roof may project beyond the recession plane where that portion beyond the recession plan is:

- (a) no greater than 1.5m² in area and no greater than 1m in height; and
- (b) no greater than 2.5m cumulatively in length measured along the edge of the roof as shown in Figure H5.6.5.2 Exceptions for gable ends and dormers below.

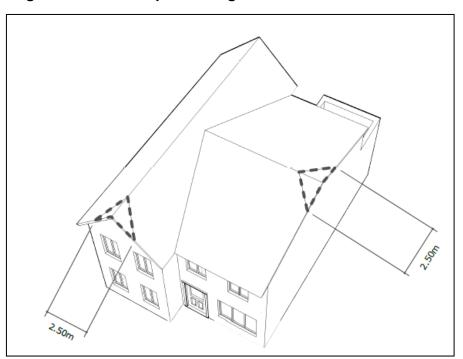


Figure H5.6.5.2 Exceptions for gable ends and dormers

- (6) No more than two gable end, dormer or roof projections are allowed for every 6m length of site boundary.
- (7) The height in relation to boundary standard does not apply to existing or proposed internal boundaries within a site.

H5.6.6. Alternative height in relation to boundary

[ENV-2016-AKL-000235: Mahi Properties Limited]

Purpose: to enable the efficient use of the site by providing design flexibility at upper floors of a building close to the street frontage, while maintaining a reasonable level of sunlight access and minimising visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours.

- (1) This standard is an alternative to the permitted Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary and applies to development that is within 20m of the site frontage.
- (2) Any buildings or parts of buildings within 20m of the site frontage must not exceed a height of 3.6m measured vertically above ground level at side and rear boundaries. Thereafter, buildings must be set back 1m and then 0.3m for every additional metre in height (73.3 degrees) up to 6.9m and then 1m for every additional metre in height (45 degrees) as shown in Figure H5.6.6.1 Alternative height in relation to boundary below.

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

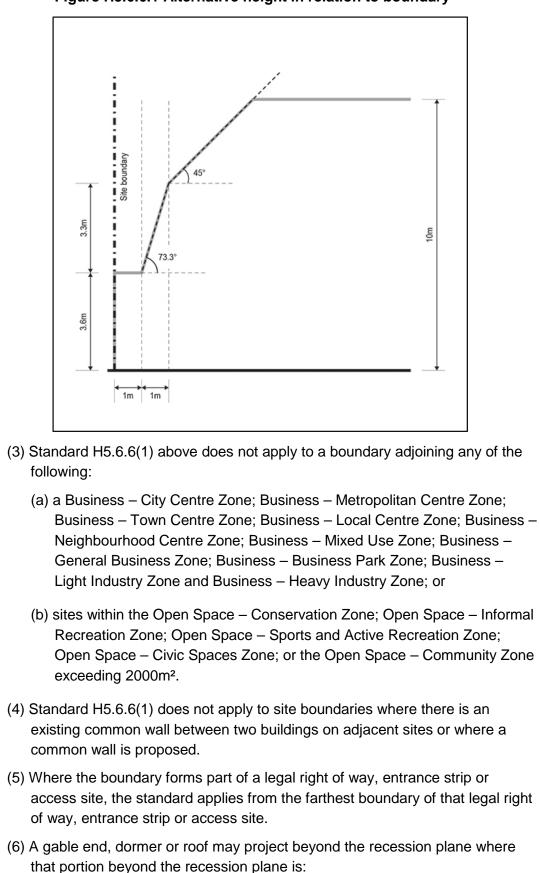


Figure H5.6.6.1 Alternative height in relation to boundary

- (a) no greater than 1.5m² in area and no greater than 1m in height; and
- (b) no greater than 2.5m cumulatively in length measured along the edge of the roof as shown in Figure H5.6.6.2 Exceptions for gable ends and dormers below.

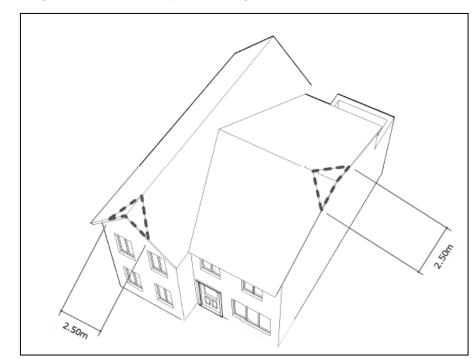


Figure H5.6.6.2 Exceptions for gable ends and dormers

- (7) No more than two gable end, dormer or roof projections are allowed for every 6m length of site boundary.
- (8) The alternative height in relation to boundary standard does not apply to existing or proposed internal boundaries within a site.

H5.6.7. Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones

Purpose: to manage the height and bulk of buildings at boundaries to maintain a reasonable level of sunlight access and minimise visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours within lower intensity zones and small public open spaces.

[ENV-2016-AKL-000243: K Vernon] (1) Where a site in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone adjoins:

(a) a site in the Residential – Single House Zone; or

- (b) a site in the Residential Mixed Housing Suburban Zone; or
- (c) sites less than 2,000m² in the Open Space Conservation Zone; Open Space – Informal Recreation Zone; Open – Space Sports and Active Recreation Zone; Open Space – Civic Spaces Zone; or the Open Space – Community Zone;

then buildings must not project beyond a 45 degree recession plane measured from a point 2.5m vertically above ground level along the boundary of the site in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone with the zone listed in Standard H5.6.7(1)(a) – (c) above.

H5.6.8. Yards

Purpose:

- to create an urban streetscape character and provide sufficient space for landscaping within the front yard;
- to maintain a reasonable standard of residential amenity for adjoining sites;
- to ensure buildings are adequately set back from lakes, streams and the coastal edge to maintain water quality and provide protection from natural hazards; and
- to enable buildings and services on the site or adjoining sites to be adequately maintained.
- (1) A building or parts of a building must be set back from the relevant boundary by the minimum depth listed in Table H5.6.8.1 Yards below.

Yard	Minimum depth
Front	2.5m
Side	1m
Rear	1m
Riparian	10m from the edge of all other permanent and intermittent streams
Lakeside	30m
Coastal protection yard	10m, or as otherwise specified in Appendix 6 Coastal protection yard

Table H5.6.8.1 Yards

(2) Standard H5.6.8(1) does not apply to site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between two buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed.

H5.6.9. Maximum impervious area

Purpose:

- to manage the amount of stormwater runoff generated by a development, particularly in relation to the capacity of the stormwater network and potential flood risks;
- to support the functioning of riparian yards, lakeside yards and coastal yards and water quality and ecology;
- to reinforce the building coverage and landscaped area standards;
- to limit paved areas on a site to improve the site's appearance and cumulatively maintain amenity values in a neighbourhood.
- (1) The maximum impervious area must not exceed 60 per cent of site area.

(2) The maximum impervious area within a riparian yard, a lakeside yard or a coastal protection yard must not exceed 10 per cent of the riparian yard, the lakeside yard or the coastal protection yard area.

H5.6.10. Building coverage

Purpose: to manage the extent of buildings on a site to achieve the planned urban character of buildings surrounded by open space.

(1) The maximum building coverage must not exceed 45 per cent of the net site area.

H5.6.11. Landscaped area

Purpose:

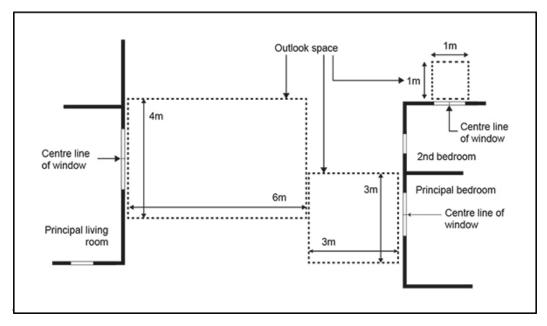
- to provide for quality living environments consistent with the planned urban built character of buildings surrounded by open space; and
- to create a landscaped urban streetscape character within the zone.
- (1) The minimum landscaped area must be at least 35 per cent of the net site area.
- (2) At least 50 per cent of the area of the front yard must comprise landscaped area.

H5.6.12. Outlook space

Purpose:

- to ensure a reasonable standard of visual privacy between habitable rooms of different buildings, on the same or adjacent sites; and
- in combination with the daylight standard, manage visual dominance effects within a site by ensuring that habitable rooms have an outlook and sense of space.
- (1) An outlook space must be provided from the face of a building containing windows to a habitable room. Where the room has two or more external faces with windows the outlook space must be provided from the face with the largest area of glazing.
- (2) The minimum dimensions for a required outlook space are as follows:
 - (a) a principal living room of a dwelling or main living and dining area within a boarding house or supported residential care must have a outlook space with a minimum dimension of 6m in depth and 4m in width; and
 - (b) a principal bedroom of a dwelling or a bedroom within a boarding house or supported residential care unit must have an outlook space with a minimum dimension of 3m in depth and 3m in width; and
 - (c) all other habitable rooms must have an outlook space with a minimum dimension of 1m in depth and 1m in width.

- (3) The depth of the outlook space is measured at right angles to and horizontal from the window to which it applies.
- (4) The width of the outlook space is measured from the centre point of the largest window on the building face to which it applies.
- (5) The height of the outlook space is the same as the floor height, measured from floor to ceiling, of the building face to which the standard applies.
- (6) Outlook spaces may be within the site, over a public street, or other public open space.
- (7) Outlook spaces required from different rooms within the same building may overlap.
- (8) Outlook spaces may overlap where they are on the same wall plane.
- (9) Outlook spaces must:
 - (a) be clear and unobstructed by buildings; and
 - (b) not extend over adjacent sites, except for where the outlook space is over a public street or public open space as outlined in H5.6.12(6) above; and
 - (c) not extend over an outlook spaces or outdoor living space required by another dwelling.





H5.6.13. Daylight

Purpose:

 to ensure adequate daylight for living areas and bedrooms in dwellings, supported residential care and boarding houses; and

- in combination with the outlook standard, manage visual dominance effects within a site by ensuring that habitable rooms have an outlook and sense of space.
- (1) Where the proposed building and/or opposite building contains principal living room or bedroom windows in a dwelling, or main living/dining area or bedroom windows in supported residential care and boarding houses, that part of a building higher than 3m opposite buildings within the same site is limited in height to twice the horizontal distance between the two buildings for a length defined by a 55 degree arc from the centre of the window (refer to Table H5.6.13.1 Maximum height of the part of a building within a site facing a principal living room or bedroom window within the same site; Figure H5.6.13.1 Required setbacks for daylight and Figure H5.6.13.2 Required setbacks for daylight below). The arc may be swung to within 35 degrees of the plane of the wall containing the window as shown in Figure H5.6.13.2 Required setbacks for daylight below.
- (2) Where the principal living room, main living/dining area or bedroom has two or more external faces with windows, Standard H5.6.13(1) above will apply to the largest window.
- (3) Where the window is above ground level, the height restriction is calculated from the floor level of the room containing the window.
- (4) Standard H5.6.13(1), (2) and (3) does not apply to development opposite the first 5m of a building which faces the street, measured from the front corner of the building.

Distance of the building from the largest principal living room, living/dining room or bedroom window (x)	Maximum height of the defined portion of wall opposite an identified window	Length of wall restricted if 55 degree arc is perpendicular to window (y) (rounded)
1.0m	2.0m	1.0m
1.5m	3.0m	1.5m
2.0m	4.0m	2.0m
2.5m	5.0m	2.5m
2.7m	5.4m	2.7m
3.0m	6.0m	3.0m
3.5m	7.0m	3.5m
4.0m	8.0m	4.0m
4.5m	9.0m	4.5m
5.0m	10.0m	5.0m
5.5m	11.0m	5.5m

Table H5.6.13.1 Maximum height of that part of a building within a site facing a principal living room or bedroom window within the same site

Distance of the building from the largest principal living room, living/dining room or bedroom window (x)	Maximum height of the defined portion of wall opposite an identified window	Length of wall restricted if 55 degree arc is perpendicular to window (y) (rounded)
6.0m	12.0m	6.0m



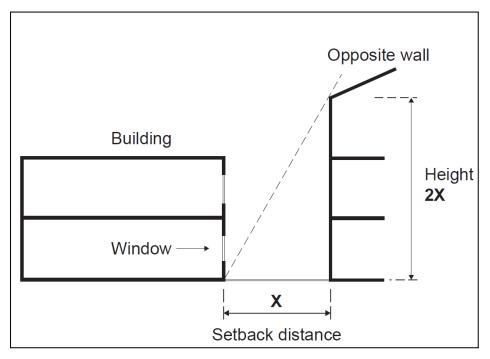
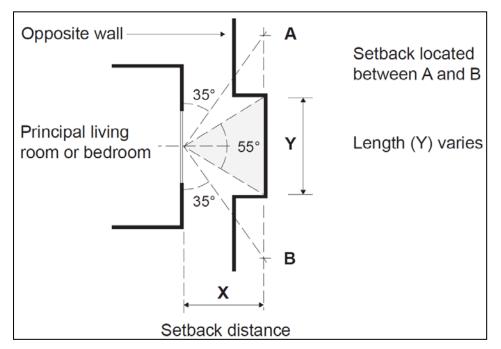


Figure H5.6.13.2 Required setbacks for daylight



H5.6.14. Outdoor living space

Purpose: to provide dwellings, supported residential care and boarding houses with outdoor living space that is of a functional size and dimension, has access to sunlight, and is directly accessible from the principal living room, dining room or kitchen and is separated from vehicle access and manoeuvring areas.

- (1) A dwelling, supported residential care or boarding house at ground floor level, must have an outdoor living space that is at least 20m² that comprises ground floor and/or balcony/roof terrace space that:
 - (a) where located at ground level has no dimension less than 4m and has a gradient not exceeding 1 in 20; and/or
 - (b) where provided in the form of balcony, patio or roof terrace is at least 5m² and has a minimum dimension of 1.8m; and
 - (c) is accessible from the dwelling, supported residential care unit or boarding house; and
 - (d) is free of buildings, parking spaces, servicing and manoeuvring areas.
- (2) A dwelling, supported residential care or boarding house located above ground floor level must have an outdoor living space in the form of a balcony, patio or roof terrace that:
 - (a) is at least 5m² for studio and one-bedroom dwellings and has a minimum dimension of 1.8m; or
 - (b) is at least 8m² for two or more bedroom dwellings and has a minimum dimension of 1.8m; and
 - (c) is accessible from the dwelling, supported residential care unit or boarding house.
 - (d) except that, a balcony or roof terrace is not required where the net internal floor area of a dwelling is at least 35m² for a studio and 50m² for a dwelling with one or more bedrooms.
- (3) Where outdoor living space required by Standard H5.6.14(1) or Standard H5.6.14(2) above is provided at ground level, and is located south of any building located on the same site, the southern boundary of that space must be separated from any wall or building by at least 2m + 0.9(h), where (h) is the height of the wall or building as shown in the Figure H5.6.14.1 Location of outdoor living space below. For the purpose of this standard south is defined as between 135 and 225 degrees.

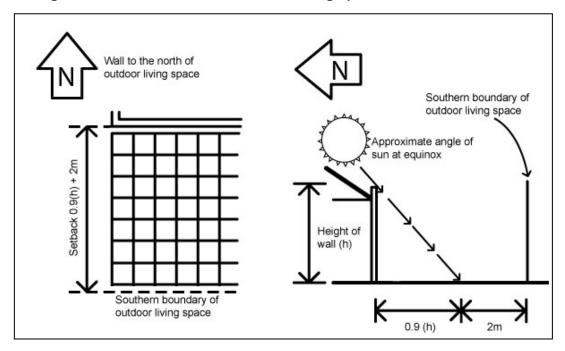


Figure H5.6.14.1 Location of outdoor living space

H5.6.15. Front, side and rear fences and walls

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

[ENV-2016-AKL-000243: K Vernon]

Purpose: to enable fences and walls to be constructed on a front, side or rear boundary or within a front, side or rear yard to a height sufficient to:

- provide privacy for dwellings while enabling opportunities for passive surveillance of the street
- minimise visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours and the street.
- (1) Fences or walls or a combination of these structures (whether separate or joined together) must not exceed the height specified below, measured from the ground level at the boundary:

(a) Within the front yard, either:

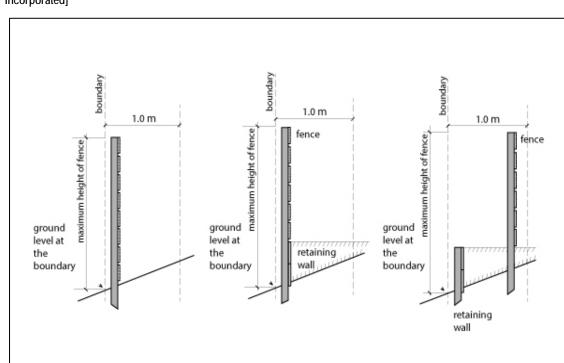
- (i) 1.2m in height, or
- (ii) 1.8m in height for no more than 50 per cent of the site frontage and 1.2m for the remainder, or
- (iii) 1.8m in height if the fence is at least 50 per cent visually open.

(b) Within the side and rear yards: 2m.

[ENV-2016-AKL-000236: Housing New Zealand Corporation]

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

Figure H.5.6.15.1 Measurement of fence height



[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

H5.6.16. Minimum dwelling size

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

[ENV-2016-AKL-000243: K Vernon]

Purpose: to ensure dwellings are functional and of a sufficient size to provide for the day to day needs of residents, based on the number of occupants the dwelling is designed to accommodate.

(1) Dwellings must have a minimum net internal floor area as follows:

(a) 30m² for studio dwellings.

(b) 45m² for one or more bedroom dwellings.

H5.7. Assessment – controlled activities

There are no controlled activities in this zone.

H5.8. Assessment – restricted discretionary activities

H5.8.1. Matters of discretion

The Council will restrict its discretion to all of the following matters when assessing a restricted discretionary activity resource consent application:

 for supported residential care accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; boarding houses accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; visitor accommodation

	accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors; dairies up to 100m ² gross floor area per site; care centres accommodating greater than 10 people per site excluding staff; community facilities; and healthcare facilities up to 200m ² gross floor area per site:
	[ENV-2016-AKL-000237: Housing New Zealand Corporation] – Addition sought
	(a) infrastructure and servicing
	(b) the effects on the neighbourhood character, residential amenity, safety, and the surrounding residential area from all of the following:
	(i) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance;(ii) traffic;
	(iii) design of parking and access; and
	(iv) noise, lighting and hours of operation.
[ENV-2016-	[ENV-2016- (2) for three or more dwellings per site:
AKL-000230:	AKL-000197:
Ryman Healthcare	Robert Adams] (a) the effects on the neighbourhood character, residential amenity, safety, and the surrounding residential area from all of the following:
Limited and the Retirement	(i) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance;
Villages Association of	(ii) traffic; and
New Zealand Incorporated]	(iii) design of parking and access.
incorporated	(b) all of the following standards:
	(i) Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas;
	(ii) Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage;
	(iii) Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area;
	(iv) Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space;
	(v) Standard H5.6.13 Daylight;
	(vi) Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space;
[ENV-2016-	(vii)Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and
AKL-000230: Ryman	(viii)Standard H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size
Healthcare Limited and the	[ENV-2016-AKL- (c) Infrastructure and servicing
Retirement	000237: Housing New Zealand (3) for integrated residential development:
Villages Association of New Zealand	Corporation] (a) the effects on the neighbourhood character, residential amenity, safety, and the surrounding residential area from all of the following:
Incorporated]	(i) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance;

(ii) traffic;

- (iii) design of parking and access; and
- (iv) noise, lighting and hours of operation.
- (b) all of the following standards:
 - (i) Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas;
 - (ii) Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage;
 - (iii) Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area;
 - (iv) Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space;
 - (v) Standard H5.6.13 Daylight;
 - (vi) Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space;
 - (vii)Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and

[ENV-2016-AKL-000237: Housing (viii)Standard H5.6.16 Minmum dwelling size.

New Zealand (c) Infrastructure and servicing

- (4) for buildings that do not comply with Standard H5.6.4 Building height; Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H5.6.7 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones; Standard H5.6.8 Yards; Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls; Standard H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size:
 - (a) any policy which is relevant to the standard;
 - (b) the purpose of the standard;
 - (c) the effects of the infringement of the standard;
 - (d) the effects on the rural and coastal character of the zone;
 - (e) the effects on the amenity of neighbouring sites;
 - (f) the effects of any special or unusual characteristic of the site which is relevant to the standard;
 - (g) the characteristics of the development;
 - (h) any other matters specifically listed for the standard; and
 - (i) where more than one standard will be infringed, the effects of all infringements.

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated] (5) For buildings that use the Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary:

(a) Daylight and sunlight access and visual dominance effects; and

(b) Attractiveness and safety of the street.

H5.8.2. Assessment criteria

The Council will consider the relevant assessment criteria below for restricted discretionary activities:

(1) for supported residential care accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; boarding houses accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; visitor accommodation accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors; dairies up to 100m² gross floor area per site; care centres accommodating greater than 10 people per site excluding staff; community facilities; and healthcare facilities up to 200m² gross floor area per site:

[ENV-2016-AKL-000237: Housing New Zealand Corporation] – Addition sought (a) infrastructure and servicing:

(i) Whether there is adequate capacity in the existing stormwater and public reticulated water supply and wastewater network to service the proposed development.

(b) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance:

- (i) whether the intensity and scale of the activity, the building location, form and appearance is compatible with the character and residential amenity provided for within the zone and compatible with the surrounding residential area.
- (c) traffic:
 - (i) whether the activity avoids or mitigates high levels of additional nonresidential traffic on local roads.
- (d) design of parking and access:
 - (i) whether adequate parking and access is provided or required.
- (e) noise, lighting and hours of operation:
 - whether noise and lighting and the hours of operation of the activity avoids, remedies or mitigates adverse effects on the residential amenity of surrounding properties, by:
 - locating noisy activities away from neighbouring residential boundaries;
 - screening or other design features; and
 - controlling the hours of operation and operational measures.

[ENV-2016-AKL-000197: Robert Adams] [ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated] (2) for three or more dwellings on a site: (a) the extent to which or whether the development achieves the purpose outlined in the following standards or what alternatives are provided that result in the same or a better outcome: (i) Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas; (ii) Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage; (iii) Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area; (iv) Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space; (v) Standard H5.6.13 Daylight; (vi) Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space; [ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman (vii)Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand (viii)Standard H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size. Incorporated] (b) refer to Policy H5.3(1); (c) refer to Policy H5.3(2); (d) refer to Policy H5.3(3); (e) refer to Policy H5.3(4); [ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement (f) refer to Policy H5.3(5); Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated] (g) refer to Policy H5.3(6); (h) refer to Policy H5.3(7); and [ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman (i) infrastructure and servicing: [ENV-2016-Healthcare Limited AKL-000237: and the Retirement (i) Whether there is adequate capacity in the existing stormwater and Villages Association Housing New Zealand public reticulated water supply and wastewater network to service the of New Zealand Incorporated] Corporation] proposed development. (3) for integrated residential development: (a) the extent to which or whether the development achieves the purpose outlined in the following standards or what alternatives are provided that result in the same or a better outcome:

- (i) Standard H5.6.9 Maximum impervious areas;
- (ii) Standard H5.6.10 Building coverage;
- (iii) Standard H5.6.11 Landscaped area;

Auckland Unitary Plan Operative in part

- (iv) Standard H5.6.12 Outlook space;
- (v) Standard H5.6.13 Daylight;

(vi) Standard H5.6.14 Outdoor living space;

(vii)Standard H5.6.15 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and

(viii)Standard H5.6.16 Minimum dwelling size

- (b) refer to Policy H5.3(1);
- (c) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
- (d) refer to Policy H5.3(3);
- (e) refer to Policy H5.3(4);
- (f) refer to Policy H5.3(5);
- (g) refer to Policy H5.3(6);
- (h) refer to Policy H5.3(7);
- (i) refer to Policy H5.3(8);
- (j) refer to Policy H5.3(9); and

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

AKL-000237:

New Zealand

Corporation]

Housing

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the

Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

[ENV-2016- (k) infrastructure and servicing:

 (i) Whether there is adequate capacity in the existing stormwater and public reticulated water supply and wastewater network to service the proposed development.

- (4) for building height:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4).
- (5) for height in relation to boundary:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5).
- (6) for alternative height in relation to boundary:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(3)
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (d) refer to Policy H5.3(5).

- (7) for height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5).
- (8) for yards:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5).
- (9) for maximum impervious areas:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(7);
- (10) for building coverage:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2); and
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4);
- (11) for landscaped area:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5).
- (12) for outlook space:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5).
- (13) for daylight:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4); and
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5).
- (14) for outdoor living space:
 - (a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);
 - (b) refer to Policy H5.3(4);
 - (c) refer to Policy H5.3(5); and

(d) refer to Policy H5.3(6).

(15) for front, side and rear fences and walls:

(a) refer to Policy H5.3(2);

(b) refer to Policy H5.3(3); and

(c) refer to Policy H5.3(4).

(16) For minimum dwelling size:

[ENV-2016-AKL-000230: Ryman Healthcare Limited and the Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated]

(a) Policy H5.3(5)

H5.9. Special information requirements

There are no special information requirements in this zone.